

JEWELL AT TANGIER

Three Cruisers Added to Admiral Chadwick's Fleet.

BOMBARDMENT THREATENED.

Report That Moroccan Government Has Been Given Eight Days Within Which to Produce the Captives of Raisuli, the Bandit.

Tangier, Morocco, June 2.—The United States cruiser Olympia, flying the flag of Rear Admiral Jewell, in command of the European squadron, and the United States cruisers Baltimore and Cleveland have arrived here.

Rear Admiral Chadwick, who is senior to Rear Admiral Jewell, has assumed command of the combined American fleet, which now consists of seven vessels.

There are no further developments concerning the kidnapping of Messrs. Perdicaris and Varley, but a report is current that eight days have been allowed the sultan in which to produce the prisoners, after which time Tangier will be bombarded. This report is not confirmed.

DEMANDS \$50,000.

Bandit Raisuli Also Laying Traps For More Game.

Washington, June 2.—Raisuli, the Moroccan bandit chief, who kidnapped the Perdicaris and Cromwell Varley, has not only demanded a ransom of \$50,000 for his prisoners, but is laying traps for other Europeans, who are now hesitating into Tangier and other of the larger towns for safety.

Ambassador Porter's dispatch to the United States government announcing that France had notified him that she would do everything in her power to effect the release of the two prisoners has been warmly received here.

It is stated at the state department that several days will elapse before the result of the efforts of the French agents can be known. Reports that other tribal chieftains are talking about kidnapping Europeans tend to confirm the officials here in their original reluctance to compound a felony by paying ransom and thus encouraging kidnapping.

TRAVIS STILL WINNING.

Only American to Survive Third Round For English Golf Championship.

Lombard, June 2.—In the third round of the amateur golf championship contest at Sandwich, Walter J. Travis, the American champion, beat R. Graham Murray, son of the secretary for Scotland, by three up and one to play. H. M. Calne beat Devereux Emmett of the Garden City (N. Y.) Golf club, by five up and four to play. H. E. Roscoe beat W. W. Burton, American, by nine up and eight to play. F. Williamson beat E. M. Myers, American, at the nineteenth hole. Travis, therefore, is the only American left in the contest.

Myers had a hard match. After being all square at the eleventh hole he lost the eighth and stood one down at the turn. He again was square at the sixteenth, but lost the seventeenth, missing a short putt. Williamson was bunkered at the eighteenth, where Myers squared, but the American missed a drive to the nineteenth and was beaten.

In the fourth round Walter J. Travis beat Roscoe by two holes.

THE ST. LOUIS CONVENTION.

Joseph W. Folk Declines to Act as Temporary Chairman.

St. Louis, June 2.—At a conference between Norman E. Mack of New York, Democratic national committee man, and Joseph W. Folk relative to the latter's name being considered in connection with the temporary chairmanship of the Democratic national committee Mr. Folk declined to sanction the use of his name.

Mr. Mack said: "The subcommittee of the national committee which met here a few days ago considered three names for this honor: Mr. Folk, John Sharp Williams of Mississippi and Mayor David S. Rose of Milwaukee. "In our conversation here the matter was mentioned, and Mr. Folk said that he did not wish to be considered in connection with the temporary chairmanship because his first obligation was to the people of Missouri, and he felt that acceptance of the chairmanship might be misinterpreted under the circumstances. He deprecated all talk connecting his name with the presidential nomination."

Odell Calls on Porter.

Paris, June 2.—Governor Odell of New York called at the United States embassy and had half an hour's talk with Ambassador Porter. No mention was made of the nomination for the governorship of New York. Later the ambassador returned the governor's call and took the latter for a drive. An arrangement probably will be made for a meeting between President Loubet and Governor Odell.

Fatal Floods in Wyoming.

Green River, Wyo., June 2.—Floods in the Green River and its tributaries have cost at least two lives and much damage to property. A messenger has just arrived here with news from the inundated district. It is his opinion that the death list may be greatly increased when complete reports come in.

A Sure Cure for Piles.

For Itching or Bleeding Piles, swelling and Inflammations.

Here is a Remedy That Never Fails.

Paracamp has cured thousands and thousands of people who have suffered for years with Piles. As a sure, safe, and quick remedy it is unequalled, and is today recognized as the most scientific remedy for this dreaded ailment. Don't suffer; don't delay; get a bottle today, use it as directed in the circular around each bottle. If it fails to do what we claim your money will be refunded.

Mr. J. A. Beard, 322 Third St., Louisville, Ky., writes: "I suffered most agonizing pains from itching piles. Four applications of Paracamp cured me. It is a most wonderful remedy, and I heartily recommend it to all sufferers."

Mrs. A. C. Whaley, 9 East Genesee St., Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have used Paracamp with splendid results and heartily recommend it for the quick relief of Piles, sore muscles, and rheumatic pains in the joints."

We have in our office hundreds of letters from all parts of the United States stating remarkable cures of this dreaded ailment. Paracamp, when applied, relieves the pain instantly by soothing the inflamed membranes, drawing out all fever, soreness and inflammation quickly. Don't experiment with other preparations. Use Paracamp. If it fails to do exactly what we claim your money will be refunded. For sale by all druggists in 25 cent, 50 cent and \$1.00 bottles, or sent direct upon receipt of price. If your druggist does not handle Paracamp ask him to get it for you, but don't take something else. There is nothing just as good. The Paracamp Company, Louisville, Ky., U. S. A.

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THE FUJI AGROUND.

Mukden Reports Jap Battleship on Reef Off Miaotao Islands.

St. Petersburg, June 2.—An unconfirmed report has reached here from Mukden that the Japanese battleship Fuji is aground on a reef off the Miaotao Islands, between the Kwangtung and Shantung promontories, where she is being guarded by torpedo boats.

The Fuji is a first class modern battleship of 12,320 tons and 14,000 indicated horsepower. She has an armored belt from 6 to 18 inches thick, her deck plating is from 2½ to 4 inches in thickness, she has 4 inches of armor on her sides above the belt, 14 inches of armor over her heavy gun positions and 6 inches over her secondary battery guns. All the armor, with the exception of the deck plating, is of Harveyized steel. The armament of the Fuji consists of four twelve-inch guns, ten six-inch guns, twenty three-pounders and four 45-pounders. She has five torpedo tubes, her speed is estimated at over nineteen knots, she carries 1,100 tons of coal, and her crew numbers 600 men. The battleship is 374 feet long, she has 75 feet beam and her draft is 26½ feet. She was built in England, was launched in 1896 and was completed in 1897.

Japanese Have a New Gun.

Victoria, B. C., June 2.—A former captain of Japanese artillery, bound for London, who has arrived here on the Empress of Japan on official business, said that Japanese military chiefs had made preparations some years ago for dealing with the peculiar fighting tactics of the Cossacks. A special light machine gun invented by a Japanese engineer is carried on a pony accompanying each detachment. It has a greater range than the Nordenfeld and can be operated by four men. It is with these deadly weapons that the Japanese are waging out the Cossack battles wherever they meet them. He says the Japanese artillery proficiency was acquired in long secret practice with the Arisaka gun at all ranges and regardless of cost before the war.

Russians at Newchwang Gloomy.

Tientsin, June 2.—A courier who has arrived here from Newchwang says that, while it is known that the Russians have received reports from Mukden giving the losses sustained by them during the fighting at Kichuan and Nanshan hill and the conditions prevailing, they will not talk on the subject. The officials are desperately gloomy. The press bulletin giving the news of the fighting on the Kwangtung peninsula, with the European comments on the victory of the Japanese, was suppressed on its arrival at Newchwang, but was released when the Russians learned that two copies of it were in possession of Englishmen and were being shown to other people.

Russians in Korea Foodless.

Seoul, June 2.—The Russian bands scattered throughout Hamhung province are encountering commissariat difficulties. The countryside is ill supplied with food and forage, owing to the bad crops of the past two years. Since the first Russian raid there has been no trade at Yeusan and Songjin and consequently no importation of foodstuffs. The Russian movements in Korea caused widespread starvation, and Russians are now experiencing the same difficulties in obtaining food. A detachment of twenty Cossacks, with two Korean interpreters, has ordered the governor of Hamhung to arrange for suitable supplies.

GREEN'S NAME PURGED

Sensational Suit Explains Murder of New York's Benefactor.

MISTAKEN FOR ANOTHER.

John R. Platt, Whom Negro Williams Meant to Kill, Sues Hannah Elias For \$685,000 Obtained From Him, It Is Alleged, by Blackmail.

New York, June 2.—Apparently as surprised and startled as the public has been by the tale of how, as alleged, Mrs. Hannah Elias forced John R. Platt, millionaire and octogenarian, to pay out a great fortune under threats of exposure, the negro accused has so far failed to file an answer to the suit brought against her by Mr. Platt. The octogenarian, who from being the inmate of an almshouse, rose to be the mistress



MRS. HANNAH ELIAS.

of four houses, a patron of art and contributor to charity, has even denied herself to all callers, and the name of her counsel has not been revealed.

That Mr. Platt, who, as charged, had been fairly showering the woman with gold for something like eight years, under constant fear that the story of his relations with her would be revealed, would finally turn and expose the whole sensational affair, was something Mrs. Elias apparently never dreamed. But Mr. Platt, after having given \$685,000, as alleged in the papers of the suit, to Mrs. Elias, finally decided to give no more.

Andrew H. Green's Name Cleared.

While the publicity attending the actions against the woman has placed Mr. Platt in an unenviable light, it has at last brought absolute vindication to the name of Andrew H. Green, known as the "father of Greater New York," who was murdered by Cornelius Williams, a negro, on Nov. 13 last because of Williams' jealousy of an aged man whom he believed to be Mr. Green. The likeness in person between Mr. Green and Mr. Platt is remarkable, and this, coupled with the fact that Mr. Platt used the name of Green in the Elias home, explains how Williams mistook the identity of the man he killed.

District Attorney Jerome talked with Mrs. Elias after the murder of Mr. Green and learned the story about Mr. Platt, but did not feel justified in revealing it, though he positively asserted that Mr. Green had not been acquainted with Mrs. Elias.

Williams after the murder declared he had been commissioned by Satan to kill Mr. Green. He was adjudged insane and committed to the Matteawan hospital.

Mr. Platt, who made a great fortune in glassmaking at Bayonne, N. J., retired from business twenty years ago. Since then he has lived with his two daughters.

He asks the court to hold that Hannah Elias holds property as trustee for him on the ground that the money paid was procured from him by "grand duress, coercion and blackmail without any consideration."

Thirty-four trust companies, twenty-six savings banks and sixty-nine national and other banks are made co-defendants with Mrs. Elias.

Plaintiff Eighty-five Years Old.

In the papers filed Mr. Platt says that he is upward of eighty-five years old, a retired merchant, in feeble health, a widower and has two daughters living with him. He first met Hannah Elias prior to January, 1896. She represented herself to be single and of Spanish blood, but he discovered afterward that she was a married woman of bad character.

The papers relate that soon after Platt formed her acquaintance she told him that he had gained her love, and that she was his only true friend, all of which he alleges was false and base scheme on her part to enable her to coerce and blackmail him.

Detectives who went to summons Mrs. Elias for the trial of Williams, found her house in the most aristocratic section of Central Park West. They were turned from the door by liveried white servants, who said that their mistress was too ill to be seen. Sumptuous furnishings filled as much of the house as could be seen. Mrs. Elias, entrenched within her castle, kept every one at bay for a long time, but finally came forth in apparent good health.

Public interest was again heightened by the appearance of a good looking, mulatto girl, who said she came from Philadelphia and was the woman's daughter. She put in a claim for a share of her alleged mother's supposed fortune.

The source of the mulatto's big bank account was veiled in utmost mystery.

ILLINOIS DEADLOCK.

Motion For Secret Ballot Failed to Carry on Resolutions.

Springfield, Ill., June 2.—Predictions were freely made among the delegates to the Republican state convention that Frank O. Lowden was ready to make a renewed attack on Governor Yates' column in the hope of capturing at least 100 Yates delegates. The theory put forward was that if Lowden could do this he would get the Sherman vote solidly, a large part of the Hamlin and Warner votes and enough of the Deeney delegates to make the 752 necessary to break the deadlock on a gubernatorial nomination. The Yates and Deeney men declared that such an attempt would fail and that this result would virtually eliminate Lowden. The Lowden boomers have become the most active and vociferous on the ground.

Shortly after the convention was called to order the sixty-second ballot was taken. It resulted as follows:

Yates, 470; Lowden, 404½; Deeney, 391½; Hamlin, 116; Warner, 40; Sherman, 32; Pierce, 28.

H. H. Gross of Cook county then offered a resolution providing for a secret ballot.

E. J. Murphy, a Yates leader, moved to refer the resolution to the resolution committee. J. H. Burke of Cook county, a Deeney supporter, seconded the motion, and the roll call was ordered. The vote resulted in the Gross resolution going to the committee, as moved by Murphy.

Walter Reeves, chairman of the committee on resolutions, called an immediate meeting of the committee.

The sixty-third ballot resulted: Yates, 465; Lowden, 401½; Deeney, 393½; Hamlin, 121; Sherman, 51; Warner, 43; Pierce, 27.

The convention then took a recess.

Nebraska Democratic Convention.

Omaha, Neb., June 2.—Nearly all of the 1,050 delegates to the Democratic state convention arrived early, and caucuses, district conventions and other autoconvention business began at once. The convention was hardly expected to divide on any question, the contest being for delegates at large, three of whom—W. J. Bryan, C. J. Smyth of Omaha and W. H. Thompson of Grand Island, the last Democratic candidate for governor—were practically settled upon before the convention was called to order. Former Congressman Shallenberger of the Sixth district announced his candidacy for district delegate, but stated that he was not in the field for delegate at large.

Michigan Democrats in Session.

Detroit, Mich., June 2.—Shortly before the opening of the Democratic state convention to elect delegates to the national convention at St. Louis it was stated by a prominent anti-Hearst leader that a canvass had been made of the counties with the result that 80 per cent of the delegates were found to be against instructions for the state delegation. The same tabulation showed, according to the informant, a predominant sentiment in favor of the unit rule and 75 per cent of the delegates to be anti-Hearst.

Hearst Fighting For Oklahoma.

Anadarko, Okla., June 2.—Before the Democratic territorial convention to elect six delegates to the national convention was called to order here the indications were that a determined fight would be made against instructions for Hearst. The strength of the delegates for and against instructions for the New Yorker, however, seemed to be about evenly divided. Leslie G. Niblack, editor of the Guthrie Ledger, heads the Hearst faction.

MINISTER SHOTS BURGLAR.

Robber Had Previously Shot Postmaster of Falls Creek, Pa.

Duhols, Pa., June 2.—Captain Lahey, postmaster at Falls Creek, was shot twice by a burglar, and later one of the burglars was shot by Rev. Dr. Chisholm, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Falls Creek, as he was about entering the latter's residence.

The would-be burglar left a trail of blood and was captured in a lumber yard. He had been shot in the right breast and is in a critical condition. Captain Lahey had a desperate fight with the burglar in his bedroom and finally threw the robber downstairs. A companion standing at the bottom of the stairway then opened fire, the shots taking effect, as above stated. The burglars then escaped.

Captain Lahey was formerly sheriff of Clinton county. His wounds may prove fatal.

President Appoints Judges.

Washington, June 2.—After a conference with the president, Attorney General Knox announced the following appointments: William M. Lanning of Trenton, N. J., to be United States district judge for the district of New Jersey. Mr. Lanning now represents the Fourth New Jersey district in the house of representatives and succeeds the late Judge Andrew Kirkpatrick. Edward A. Mann of Las Cruces, N. M., to be assistant judge of the New Mexico supreme court. This is a new position created by the last session of congress.

Worcester Spy Suspends Publication.

Worcester, Mass., June 2.—The Worcester Spy, one of the oldest newspapers in the country, has suspended publication on account of financial troubles. The Spy was founded in 1770, the first issue appearing in Boston. Soon afterward it was driven from the city on account of its utterances in favor of independence, and its publisher located in Worcester. Since the removal, the Spy had appeared continuously, first as a weekly and then as a daily.

ATTACK ON LAMSDORFF.

Mad Prince Strikes Russian Minister With a Cane.

St. Petersburg, June 2.—Reports of an attack upon Count Lamsdorff, minister of foreign affairs, which grew into a rumor dated denied of attempted assassination, have their foundation, nearly as can be ascertained, in a personal assault committed Monday evening by Prince Dolgorouky, a disappointed office seeker. The prince is an opponent of Count Lamsdorff's policy and is said to have become insane through brooding over his alleged grievances.

Dolgorouky formerly was an officer in the imperial hussars, but is now on the retired list. At one time he was connected with the foreign office as an attaché at Vienna. Since then he is said to have been a constant applicant for a position in the foreign service, but without success. He belongs to the Slavophile party, strongly opposed to the pacific policy of the minister of foreign affairs.

According to the story current in the city, the prince met Count Lamsdorff in the street Monday evening and without warning struck him on the head with a walking stick. In so doing he is said to have calmly announced that he chastised the foreign minister in the name of the whole Russian people.

Police agents rushed to the scene and seized the prince, who immediately handed them a card, saying it was a private affair. Nevertheless he was placed under arrest.

Count Lamsdorff called upon the emperor Tuesday, having been his regular day for an audience and, therefore, not necessarily connected with the assault. The count's friends are deeply incensed over the affair, which is regarded, however, as the act of a madman.

Prince Dolgorouky is well known in St. Petersburg society for his eccentricities. The prince had frequently declared he was destined to great things in politics, had been a claimant to the throne of Bulgaria and had visited that country several times and was expelled. Not long ago the prince tried to commit suicide by shooting and still carries a bullet in his head. He probably will be incarcerated in an asylum.

MOHONK PEACE CONFERENCE.

Judge George Gray Presides Over a Notable Assembly.

Mohonk Lake, N. Y., June 2.—The tenth annual conference on international arbitration has opened here with a larger attendance than at any previous meeting of the body, nearly three hundred people being present. The opening exercises consisted of an address of welcome by Albert C. Smiley and a prayer by Dr. Edward Everett Hale. Judge George Gray of Delaware was chosen to preside over the conference.

The review of the year in the history of arbitration was made by Dr. Benjamin F. Trueblood of Boston, secretary of the American Peace society. Other addresses were delivered at the opening session by Dr. Hale, Thomas Grant Wilson, General James Grant Wilson, Professor Henry M. Leipsiger and Professor John H. Gray.

A review of the list of delegates present shows the names of three members of the Hague tribunal, these being Judge Gray, Oscar Sturm and J. H. son.

BARRE DAILY TIMES.

World's Fair Coupon

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Bring or Send to Barre Daily Times, Barre, Vt., Before July 2, 1904.

FOUR FREE TRIPS TO WORLD'S FAIR

Daily Times Will Send Popular Persons to Exposition—Ten Days' Trip and Expenses Paid.

The Louisiana Purchase Exposition, or World's Fair, at St. Louis this year, will be in all respects the greatest enterprise of the kind ever undertaken. In point of floor space in the exhibit palaces it will be more than ten times as large as the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo in 1901, twice as large as the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893, and three times as large as the last Paris Exposition.

Indications point to an enormous attendance from all parts of the country. Everybody wants to see the greatest World's Fair ever held.

The Barre Daily Times invites four of its most popular readers (to be determined by vote) to attend the St. Louis Exposition as the guests of this newspaper.

The candidates for these free trips to St. Louis will be classified thus:

Class 1—The most popular resident of Barre city.
Class 2—The most popular resident of Barre town.
Class 3—The most popular resident of Orange county.
Class 4—The most popular resident of Washington county, outside of Barre city and town.

These persons will be selected by the readers of the Times. The balloting will open immediately and will continue until midnight of Friday, July 1. The winners will be announced in the issue of Tuesday, July 5.

Dilation of the Stomach

The gravity of enlargement of the stomach cannot be overestimated. One of the principal causes that produce this distressed condition is inordinate eating and drinking. Weakness of the muscles that propel the food to the intestines is also a factor in allowing the food to accumulate in the stomach, and thus stretching it to enormous size. Constipation and inactivity of the liver is also a prominent cause.

In this condition you usually find a coated tongue, thirst, loss of appetite, emaciation, oppression at the pit of the stomach, belching of food and vomiting of sour liquid, varying in amount. Weakness, paleness and want of energy are usually present.

Now, to overcome this distressing and dangerous enlargement of the stomach and all its symptoms, take Smith's Pinapple and Butternut Pills today. They will give tone to the weak propelling muscles of the stomach and intestines. They produce a natural movement of the contents of the bowels and avoid the formation of gas, which if retained produces symptoms of self-poisoning. Food long retained in the stomach and water in the bowels show all the signs of putrefaction, when examined after the stomach pump is used, viz: sour odor, bacteria, yeast, saccharine and organic acid, which are deleterious to the entire system.

Smith's Pinapple and Butternut Pills cure constipation as if by magic. They regulate the functions of the liver, cleanse the poisons from the blood, remove the bilious elements from the circulation and strengthen the nerves. If your eyes are clouded without an appreciable cause, if you have specks and floating objects before your vision, use Smith's Pinapple and Butternut Pills and get the poisonous elements out of your blood. Remember, they always cure sick headache, constipation and biliousness in one night. 25 cents, all dealers.

All genuine signed W. F. Smith.

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS

A POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM AND ALL FORMS OF KIDNEY AND BLADDER ILLS.

AT ALL DEALERS—25 CENTS. A CURE AT THE PEOPLE'S PRICE.

Gambora of Mexico; ten judges of the federal and state courts, including Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court; fifteen presidents of colleges and other educational institutions, including Presidents Faunce of Brown university and Seeley of Smith college; forty-five prominent business men from different parts of the United States and many well known clergymen.

Among other notable men present are Japanese Consul General Uchida of New York, Baron Kameko, formerly a member of the Japanese cabinet, and Chevalier Agnoli of Italy.

Americans Must Kneel to Pope.

Rome, June 2.—The Vatican authorities have given the strictest notice to those who recommend people for audiences of the pope that they must guarantee that such persons will conform to Vatican etiquette in kneeling and kissing the hand of the pope. This notification was issued as a result of the conduct of some Americans a few weeks ago, who refused to kneel when the pope appeared.

National Fete Postponed.

St. Petersburg, June 2.—The emperor on account of the state of war prevailing has ordered the postponement of the celebration of the national fete.

Fourth Class Postmasters.

Washington, June 2.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed:

New York—Sawkill, Nathaniel Briok.
Pennsylvania—Barco, Horace F. Tyson.